Torfield and Saxon Mount Academy Trust





Federation Crisis Management and Business Continuity Plan

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Quick Reference Crisis Management Flow Chart

Incident Reported



Establish the facts
Inform Executive Headteacher/Manager
Notify/request Emergency Services if appropriate

Immediate Action	Short Term Action (first 24 hours)	Next Few Days and Beyond
Ensure safety of all personnel	Set up the Emergency Incident Suite	Make any necessary recovery arrangements: repairs, replacements etc
Verify the facts	Use Fax line for outgoing calls	Continue regular updates for staff, students, governors, parents
Convene the Crisis Management Team and allocate tasks – see App L	Use radios for internal communication	Start putting together a full report of the incident and actions by the setting
Start an Incident Log	Contact specialist contractors if required	
Notify CSD. (See App B for Tel Number) Ask for help if needed (including Educational Psychologists)	Check psychological support is sufficient	
Contact other staff and governors for support as required, particularly if out of hours	Crisis Management Team meets at regular intervals	Make plans to mark the event: special assembly, memorial, plaque, etc
Make arrangements to close/open the setting or cancel activities	Issue regular updates for staff, children, young people, governors, parents via: staff meetings assemblies letters home web-site ESCC website	Evaluate the Crisis Management Plan and amend as necessary
Provide recorded message on answerphone for parents, etc	Start planning the return to normality	Formally thank those involved in supporting the Crisis

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 As an essential part of their duty of care, managers of children's services and settings are responsible for preparing crisis plans to deal with crises/emergencies and the business continuity of the setting. It is self-evident that where a setting has anticipated a major emergency, and made plans for managing a response, it is likely to handle the actual event more effectively and confidently. To this end, where the managers of a setting know:
 - who will assume key roles
 - that checklists and procedures are in place
 - that contact lists are accurate
 - that there is a tested framework for communications.
 - that the appropriate training has been undertaken

the response to a crisis will be more assured than that based on improvisation.

- 1.2 Handling crises is a normal part of life in Children's settings. Some emergencies, however, are more critical than others and tend to disorientate and overwhelm those involved, exposing staff, children, young people and parents to periods of prolonged stress. Each crisis/emergency is unique in its range and complexity, and there is no rigid formula for managing the consequences but, by its very nature, the journey through this sort of event is always going to be difficult. Planning ahead, therefore, is a necessary precaution, and will greatly reduce the pressure on those managing the incident.
- 1.3 Section 5 of the Health and Safety Policy, which can be found on the Read only drive, advocates the setting up of a Crisis Management Team and states;

"A crisis management team has been set up to assist in the reduction of major hazards and risks and to action a recovery plan in the event of a serious accident".

The Crisis Management Team at Torfield and Saxon Mount Schools will consist of:

- The Executive Headteacher;
- Head of School;
- Assistant Headteachers
- Director of Finance, Resources and Operational Strategy
- Assistant Director of Finance and Resources/Health and Safety Co-ordinator;
- Caretaker/Site Manager;
- Other persons as designated and identified within the Federation schools plan,

dependent upon need and circumstance

Function of the Crisis Management Team:

- to act as the decision-making authority for the management of an incident.
- to develop the procedures and practices to be used for handling emergency situations and communicating these to all those involved or affected.
- to establish and maintain a crisis management suite which will have the necessary equipment available for rapid activation during an emergency. The equipment includes communications equipment, emergency plans and procedures, a log to record all actions taken during the crisis, necessary office equipment/supplies and appropriate maps and building plans.
- to test the Crisis Management Plan on a regular basis to ensure that it is suitable and sufficient and amend it as necessary.
- 1.4 The constitution of the Crisis Management Team shown in paragraph 1.3, is the Academy Trusts minimum and consideration has also been given to the nomination of reserve team members in case of absences or protracted incidents.

2. Aim

- 2.1 This plan template has been prepared to encourage and support pre-planning, and is designed to help settings develop their own emergency plans to respond to incidents involving their particular setting.
- 2.2 The guidance is not exhaustive or rigid in its format. It is there to assist in the production of a robust emergency response plan and can therefore, be modified or adapted in any way required to suit the needs of individual setting, and the ethos of their management.

3. Objective

- 3.1 This plan aims to provide a basis for managing all levels of an emergency. A major emergency will however, require the introduction of all the measures recommended in order to provide a satisfactory response.
- 3.2 For the purposes of this document, a major emergency during an **off-site** activity is defined as:

"When a member of a Torfield and Saxon Mount Academy trust staff, pupil or affiliated group, in the course of officially recognised activities, has suffered serious injury or fatality or is missing from an off-site activity".

4. Other Types of Incident

- 4.1 Some other types of incident that can result in a crisis are set out below:
 - Explosion, fire or chemical hazard
 - Building damage or destruction
 - Loss of access to premises
 - Intruder on premises/Hostage taking/Abduction
 - Terrorist incident
 - Serious health hazards or infectious outbreak
 - Environmental disaster, severe flood, high winds, snow
 - Vandalism
 - Utilities failure (gas, electricity, water, telephones, computer links) or loss of fuel supplies
- 4.2 specific advice on some of these incidents is available on the DfE website or can be obtained from the CSD Strategic Resilience Manager (01273 482849 / 07500 123653).
- 4.3 guidance on off-site activities is available on czone or from the Children's Services Outdoor Education Adviser 01273 482522 / 07816 952833

5. Business Continuity Management

- 5.1 A business continuity incident is one which interferes with the ability of an organisation to deliver its goods or services.
- 5.2 Most of the incidents mentioned in section 4 above could produce devastating effects in terms of the:
 - Loss of students' course work
 - Loss of teaching material
 - Loss of computer files/records/data
 - Psychological impact on students and staff
 - Disruption caused by transfer to temporary accommodation
 - Loss of community facilities and income
- 5.3 A checklist is provided at **Appendix K** which is intended to assist settings with the production of a simple business continuity plan. Consultation with representative bodies is advisable during the production of such a plan.

6. Alerting the Crisis Management Team

- 6.1 The Crisis Management Team (CMT) will be alerted, according to the type of incident, whether it is on or off-site and whether it is in or out of normal working hours.
- 6.2 If the emergency occurs *during normal working hours*, the Manager of the setting, or in his/her absence, one of the senior members of staff, will alert the CMT. (**See Appendix A for contact details**).
- 6.3 If the incident is **off-site, or out of normal working hours** and depending on the information received, it will be the duty of the manager of the setting or base contact to initiate the Team call-out. (**See Appendix C for contact flow chart**).

7. Support Provided by ESCC Children's Services Department

- 7.1 Support from the Children's Services Department will be provided in the event of a major emergency, but it can also be requested for the co-ordination of, and recovery from, other emergencies.
- 7.2 The emergency contact numbers for ESCC Children's Services are shown in **Appendix B.**

- 7.3 As a result of the call, all ESCC services will be notified, as necessary. In particular, the following will be activated, as appropriate:
 - (a) The **CSD Resilience Management Team:** formed to assess the emergency and provide strategic support as required.
 - (b) Through the County Support Group appropriate groups/people will be informed to provide additional support where necessary:
 - **Establishment Support Team:** To provide support to the setting involved and normally comprising a Children's Services officer (Team Leader), an Educational Psychologist, an administration assistant and other staff as required.
 - Off-site Response Team: To provide support at the "incident locality" at an off-site emergency, whether in the UK or abroad. The team will consist of appropriately experienced officers at county level, together with staff from the setting in crisis, when appropriate.
 - **Educational Psychologists:** Will also provide support in respect of critical incident stress debriefing if required.
 - County Communications Manager: Will be alerted to provide support in dealing with the press and media issues that will arise. A member of the County Communications Unit will attend the setting in crisis.
 - County Insurance and Risk Management: The County Insurance and Risk Management team will be notified of the emergency as soon as possible and, if appropriate, will send a representative to provide support and guidance to the setting in crisis.
 - A Capital Strategy Officer: Where damage to building(s) has occurred, an officer from the Capital Strategy Team will provide support and advice on structural issues, refurbishment and/or temporary accommodation, etc.

8. Emergency Incident Suite

8.1 In the event of an emergency, it is essential that adequate provision be made for the Academy Trust and Local Authority support teams to manage it. In this respect, an Emergency Incident Suite will need to be set up within the setting.

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8.2. The procedures detailed below assume that the structure of the building has not been affected. In circumstances other than this, the procedures can be used as an aide memoire for staff to consider the issues that need to be addressed at whatever location has been designated for the Emergency Incident Suite.

8.2.1 Security of the site

During any emergency, the media may try to gain access to the site and it is, therefore, desirable that the perimeter of the site is secure. The Police may assist in this respect and should be asked to attend at the earliest opportunity. The media may try to interview or obtain comments from parents or others arriving at the setting. Therefore, it may be necessary to have an official at or near to the gates to monitor the situation.

8.2.2 Security of the building

Security of the building is essential. Therefore, all exterior doors must be secure. All ingress and egress should be restricted to the main entrance (bearing in mind that emergency exits must remain available for use). If it is felt necessary to use one of the other doors as an additional exit, then it should be attended by a responsible member of staff at all times. A reception and security check should also be set up to record people entering and leaving the building.

8.2.3 Communications

Effective communications are essential to bring the emergency to a successful conclusion. Fixed landline communications provide the best solution but other means, such as mobile phones, radios and Internet communications, should also be considered. If necessary, BT may be able to provide additional lines at short notice.

If the Emergency Incident Suite is set up outside the setting, it will be necessary to pass all available telephone numbers to all parties concerned, including the number parents should use.

It is recommended that an answer phone giving up-to-date information is fitted to the setting's main telephone line and that the existing fax line is used for outgoing calls dealing with the emergency response. A separate number should be given to essential callers, such as the offsite team, County Council contacts etc. who would then have a better chance of contacting the setting.

If mobile communications are used, it should be remembered that they are not secure so they should not be used for transmitting sensitive information.

It is essential that all incoming messages are logged, (See Appendix J) and that any decisions/actions are recorded. (See Appendix I). Such records would be required for any subsequent debrief or inquiry.

8.2.4 Incident Log

It is essential to ensure that all teams and settings maintain full written records of the passage of information, events, decisions, related expenditure, etc, as they occur, which should be consolidated and retained once the incident has been concluded.

Such records may be required at any subsequent debrief or official inquiry and can be used to defend the reputation of an individual or organisation. The legal view at some past enquiries has been "if it wasn't written down, it didn't happen".

Appendix I is provided to assist with the recording of:

- all relevant decisions taken, by whom and a brief reason
- all relevant actions taken

A record of all relevant expenditure can either be recorded on the incident log, or recorded separately and a copy attached to the incident log at a later date.

Appendix J is provided for the recording of incoming messages and subsequent actions.

8.2.5 Layout and Aide Memoire

To prevent any delay in setting up the Incident Suite, a diagram depicting its layout should be included in the Crisis Management Plan. A check list of issues to be considered when establishing the Incident Suite is set out at **Appendix G**.

8.2.6 Welfare

As the Emergency Incident Suite will be staffed continuously for the short term and it is likely that there will be parents on site for a considerable time, suitable welfare arrangements should be made at an early stage.

Once the initial setting up of the suite has been completed, a rota system should be introduced to ensure that all helpers receive adequate time off and rest. It may be helpful to keep a record of who has worked in the Suite, when and for how long (**See Appendix H**).

9. Parents/Guardians Visiting the Premises

9.1 Parents/Guardians Information Centre

Where an emergency has affected a local community, parents/guardians and relatives will want to visit the setting and gain comfort from being there and being together. An area must be set aside to accommodate this; the *Main Hall* may be adequate for this

purpose. The advantage of using a hall is that it can normally accommodate a large number of people, and makes updating those present an easier task. (*Note:* The Main Hall is only a recommendation; another area may be designated if required.)

9.2 Individual Counselling

Consideration must be given to those requiring individual counselling, and a suitable room(s) should be identified for this purpose.

10. Dealing with the Media

- 10.1 It will be impossible to keep the media out completely and an initial press briefing should be given as soon as possible (See Appendix F).
- 10.2 Past experience has shown that if regular briefings are provided the media are more likely to comply with any privacy requests. In this respect a room, ideally outside of the main building, and as far away from the friend's and relative's area as possible, should be set aside as a press briefing room, where an agreed spokesperson can meet them at agreed times to give press statements. The County Communications Manager will provide assistance to the managers of the setting and this should be requested as soon as possible. If the press briefing room is in the same part of the setting, security measures should be taken to ensure that the privacy of the family and friends area is maintained. Any room used for press briefings should be cleared of all items relating to children, young people or staff, which the press could use in their reporting.

11. Bereavement Policy Guidelines

- 11.1 When developing a Crisis Management Plan staff should also consider provision of bereavement support for children, young people and staff. These guidelines are designed to help settings draw up a policy to help respond to a death in their community. Within the plan should be details of how they will respond to each of four main deaths that can affect their community. These are:
 - 1 Death of a child or young person
 - 2 Death of a parent, carer or sibling of a child or young person
 - 3 Death of a teacher or other member of staff
 - 4 A tragedy affecting a section of their community
- 11.2 How a setting might deal with the expected death (e.g. following a long-term illness) of a member of its community could also be included within the policy.
- 11.3 Children, young people and families expect settings to provide a safe and predictable environment; however, they may also be places where children and young people find it difficult to manage their thoughts and emotions. It is important that staff

endeavour to foster an environment that is compassionate, yet disciplined, whilst at the same time being sensitive to the children's and young people's needs.

- 11.4 When writing a bereavement policy, consideration should be given to the following points:
 - 1. Social, cultural and religious issues.
 - 2. Identifying key members of staff:
 - who will be responsible for giving information to staff, children and young people
 - who on the staff team will take on the role of supporting children and young people
 - 3. Communication and information sharing with families is vital. Before disseminating any information, make sure that all facts have been verified. Always be honest with children and young people and give them the facts.
 - 4. Children and young people will need to be given time to grieve. Be aware of, and be prepared for, obvious upset and other emotional responses. Identify a quiet place for a bereaved child or young person to go when they feel that they cannot cope with the demands of the learning environment.
 - 5. It is good practice to develop and maintain a resource bank of materials that can be used by staff, children and young people and these resources should be available for children and young people to use or borrow as appropriate.
 - 6. Bereavement issues should be addressed through the PSHE curriculum during the course of primary and secondary education whenever appropriate. Many aspects of this work are already incorporated into the SEAL (Social and Emotional Aspects of Learning) materials.
 - 7. Consider training events for staff to attend:
 - a have an awareness of training needs
 - b access training available through central services
 - c provide a rolling programme of training within the establishment
 - 8. How the setting will communicate with, and manage, the media in certain difficult and potentially emotive situations.
 - 9. Make contact with appropriate external agencies, e.g. the Educational Psychology Service, which can offer support and guidance when dealing with bereavement.

The above does not provide an exhaustive list; it is important for settings to consider their own needs.

11.5 Settings need to be aware of the needs of all members of their community and to foster a caring attitude, as well as considering the emotional well-being of all of those involved in a bereavement. It is important, therefore, to ensure that there are debriefing opportunities for key staff who may be involved in supporting traumatised children and young people.

12. Recovery Period

- 12.1 The recovery process must be considered by the Crisis Management Team immediately after the initial stages of the incident and, in the case of damage to buildings, a decision as to whether it is safe to remain, or necessary to relocate, will need to be made.
- 12.2. **Appendices D and E** detail the actions for consideration focussed on property for the first 24 hours, and from 24 hours to 2 weeks, respectively.
- 12.3 Other aspects of recovery that will need to be considered immediately after the initial stages of the incident concern the handling of the feelings and reactions of staff, children, young people, parents and helpers. Advice should be sought from the Educational Psychologists and/or the After-Care Co-ordinator within the Adult Social Care Department.

13. Severe weather – snow

13.1 School closure prior to commencement of the school day.

- 13.1.1 The Executive Head teacher and Head of School, in liaison with the Site Manager and other staff local to the school area, will ascertain the risk of opening with heavy snow on the ground, taking account of the short-term weather forecast, and the safe transporting of pupils to and from the school.
- 13.1.2 If the decision is made not to open the school due to both the current snowfall situation and the likely worsening effects during the school day, the school office staff will notify all parents, carers and staff by the automated texting service in use at that time. The message will be 'Saxon Mount/Torfield School is closed to staff and pupils. Further information will be posted on the school website and further text updates will be sent as necessary.'

The Local Authority will be notified via the specified routes. This will generate the necessary media coverage required for school closures.

If the school site is accessible to staff, but closed to pupils (for example, if taxi services are not running), a message to staff will be sent that says; 'Saxon Mount/Torfield School is closed to pupils.' Staff who can safely make their way to school, should then do so.

13.1.3 This process will be repeated daily during the period of severe weather unless a decision has been taken on any one day that the school will be closed for more than that day. In this case prior notification will be delivered via the text message and LA methods in advance of any additional days.

13.2 School closure during the school day

- 13.2.1 If severe weather conditions occur during the school day the Executive Head Teacher and Head of School will assess the risk of keeping the school in session until the normal collection time for the pupils. The Executive Headteacher and Head of School will determine if it is deemed unsafe to delay pupil departure prior to the normal time and inform staff of this decision. If this decision is made the school office staff will contact all parents/ carers to notify them that the pupils will be returning home. This contact will initially be by text message and followed up with telephone calls as appropriate. The office staff will also inform the LA of the decision, including the Home to School Transport team. The transport providers will collect the children at the earliest time to reduce the risks to pupils during the journey home. Where Home to school transport is not available, parents will be asked to collect the pupils.
- 13.2.2 At Saxon Mount school, class staff will supervise pupils in classrooms until they are informed that transport has arrived and pupils will then be either be brought to the reception area before getting on vehicles or class staff will notify the office of who has been collected, to ensure the office are aware of who has left the site. Alternatively, staff may be requested by a member of the SLT, to bring all remaining pupils to a designated area when only a minority of pupils remain so that collection can be controlled from this single point.

At Torfield Croft Road, if the normal car park collection point is inaccessible pupils will be collected from the Bembrook Road gate where staff with walkie talkies will inform the office of which children are required to be brought to the collection point. The office staff will relay this information to the classroom staff.

At Torfield EYC class staff will supervise pupils in classrooms until they are informed that transport has arrived and pupils will then be brought to the front door as taxi's arrive for collection and as per usual practice.

13.2.3 If parents cannot be contacted and the safety of the pupil in returning home is uncertain, the school will make a decision based upon the individual needs of each case and in the best interests of each child.

13.2.4 For pupils where either no LA or parental transport can be organised, the Executive Head teacher and SLT will assess the best course of action dependent upon individual cases and situations.

13.2.5 In the situation where the weather conditions make it impossible for any or all of the pupils to return home, the Executive Head Teacher and SLT will decide on the appropriate course of action on an individual basis and ensuring that pupils will remain supervised and as safe as possible in the actions taken.

14. Bomb Threat/Incident

14.1 Introduction to bomb threat management

The vast majority of bomb threats are hoaxes, designed to cause alarm and disruption. While many bomb threats involve person-to person contact by telephone, an increasing number are sent electronically using e-mail or social media applications, and by written communication by letter. No matter how ridiculous or implausible the threat may seem, all such communications are a crime and the Torfield and Saxon Mount Academy Trust will recognise this in the policy and procedures for dealing with any such threats, including dialling 999 on any and all occasions.

It is important that the Trust schools have plans that include how information will be recorded, escalated within the Trust and passed to the police.

14.2 Communication of the threat

Communication will most likely be direct person-to person by telephone but may be by other means. The checklist at point 14.10 specified actions dependent upon how the threat has been communicated.

Communication of details of any threat received outside of the Trust school SLT and police is the responsibility of the Executive Headteacher and will include any communication to reassure pupils, staff and parents during and after the event.

Any contact or communication by a member of staff, not agreed by the Executive Headteacher or his designated lead staff member could be subject to disciplinary action.

14.3 Immediate actions on receipt of threat

Any staff member with a direct telephone line, mobile phone, computer or tablet could conceivably receive a threat. All such staff and office staff should therefore, understand the actions required of them as the potential first response to a threat or message.

Dial 999 – all threats are a criminal offence so must be reported. The police will respond and their advice should be considered before a decision to evacuate, invacuate or close is made.

The Executive Headteacher, Head of School or other member of the SLT if neither are available, should then be informed immediately following the call to emergency services.

14.3.1 Telephone threat

Stay calm and listen carefully

Have immediate access to the checklist included at Appendix M – copies of which will be kept in all SLT offices and the main school offices.

If practical keep the caller on the line and alert a colleague to notify a member of the SLT and to dial 999.

If a number is displayed on your phone, make a careful note of this number.

If the threat is by recorded message, write it down with as much detail as possible.

If the threat is received via text message do not reply, delete or forward. Note the number and follow police advice.

Be aware of who within the schools to contact, following the checklist at Appendix?

14.3.2 Face to face delivery

Try to remember as many distinguishing features of the threat maker as possible.

14.3.3 Written threat – note, letter, graffiti

Treat as evidence and prevent other people from touching the item.

14.3.4 Threat via e-mail or social media

Do not reply, forward or delete the message.

Note the sender's e-mail address or user name/user ID for social media applications. Preserve all web logs for the organisation to help police investigations.

14.4 Assessing the credibility

This is a critical task, particularly if the threat is imminent and the police will evaluate as a matter of urgency, using any other known intelligence, and issue advice accordingly. Factors used to determine credibility will consider:

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- s this threat part of a series?
- an the location of the claimed bomb be identified and if so is anything at that location visible?
- onsider the hoaxers reason to make a threat is there any reason to believe their words?
- f the threat is imprecise in nature of bomb and location, could movement of staff and pupils move them closer to the threat?
- s anything suspicious visible anywhere at the site?

14.4.1 Actions from assessment

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- 14.4.1.1 The primary responsibility for initial decision making lies with the management of the location. At Torfield and Saxon Mount Schools this will be the Executive Headteacher or other lead person as designated by him.
- 14.4.1.2 Contact with the police will be made by the Executive Headteacher or as designated by him.
- 14.4.1.3 The person initiating the police contact, if not the Executive Headteacher or other lead person as designated by him to be the main police liaison contact, will support communication with that lead person unless otherwise designated as the event progresses.
- 14.4.1.4 All SLT and site members will carry mobile phones at all times during the procedure and will be used to update all staff on requirements. The police will advise recommended actions at the earliest opportunity. This policy is designed to support the Trust schools in being able to determine and manage the risks and actions required to deal with any such threats.

14.5 Evacuation

- 14.5.1 Leaving the venue to move people to a safer location will be appropriate if advised by the police having considered all of the above factors.
- 14.5.2 Appointed people will be aware of evacuation points and assembly points and will act as marshals to assist with the movement of pupils and staff.
- 14.5.3 When evacuating the buildings, a member of the office staff will take a folder containing registers (fire safety registers process) and a site plan to be handed to the police.
- 14.5.4 Evacuation will be carried out on the advice and instruction from the police and any assembly points will be identified by them. Where possible and advised, evacuation processes will include the collection of pupils to be returned home either by parental transport or taxi provision.
- 14.5.5 Registers of staff and pupils must be taken as soon as possible on the decision to evacuate and any missing staff or pupils notified to the senior leader in charge of evacuation to designated locations as advised.
- 14.5.6 The senior leader will report any missing person by telephone to the police and any staff instigating a search if applicable.
- 14.5.7 Evacuation plans will also include putting in place adequate steps to ensure no one else enters the area once an evacuation has been initiated.

- 14.5.8 The police will establish cordons depending upon the size of the suspected device and potential threat area. If necessary the police will advise further movement of staff and pupils if those designated impact upon a cordoned area.
- 14.5.9 If evacuation has been implemented the Executive Headteacher or a person designated by him will contact ESCC emergency helpline to inform and advise on further communications to parents, media etc and will support in the arrangement for any communications via the schools' website.
- 14.6 Internal safe area Lock down on bomb threat
- 14.6.1 There may be occasions when it is safer to remain inside. If this is advised and decided, people should be moved away from external windows and walls as far as possible. Window blinds should be pulled down and door viewing panels covered as far as possible.
- 14.6.2 If the threat is suspected to be outside of the venue, evacuation may expose people to greater danger, so the use of safe spaces within the building (Invacuation) may be an alternative.
- 14.6.3 Senior Leaders will decide on the most suitable locations for invacuation dependent upon information available at the time and will seek advice from emergency services.

14.7 Decision not to evacuate or invacuate

This will be reasonable if after evaluation by the Executive Headteacher or Head of School and police deem that the threat is implausible and a deliberate hoax. Police may provide additional advice and guidance relating to further risk management in these circumstances.

14.8 Checking site for suspicious items and search considerations If bomb threats present a significant risk at any time, regular searches of the sites will enhance security, culture and reduce the risks of suspect items being placed or remaining unnoticed for any length of time. If a threat is received, dependent upon credibility, it may be appropriate for designated staff to conduct a search for suspicious items.

Plans to undertake this are in place for each site and school included in point 14.10

- 14.9 Media and communication
- 14.9.1 Details of any specific incidents will not be revealed to the media or via social media without prior consultation with police and authorisation or direct contact from the Executive Headteacher or his designated lead person.
- 14.9.2 The ESCC emergency management team will be contacted to assist with managing all external communications, although it remains the responsibility of the

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Executive Headteacher to control all output. Any unauthorised communications from staff are strictly forbidden.

- 14.9.3 Any details revealed will not include details of the content of the threat, any decisions taken or why i.e. No reason given for evacuation, invacuation or no evacuation. Releasing such details and the impact caused may give the hoaxer a reason to believe that their objectives were fulfilled and a perceived credibility of their actions. It may also cause unnecessary alarm to others, elicit copycat events and affect any subsequent police investigation.
- 14.9.4 The identified procedures and compliance with the checklist below must be followed in all such events and failure to comply with any aspects, particularly with regard to external communications, may be subject to disciplinary action.
- 14.10 Welfare and well being
- 14.10.1 Managing a dynamic incident such as this, even if it is a hoax, can be stressful. SLT will ensure that all staff and pupils are monitored for any after effects and are aware of the counselling service and education psychology services available if and as necessary.
- 14.10 A Bomb threat check list is included at Appendix M
- 14.11 A bomb threat action plan is included at Appendix N

Appendix A

<u>Federation of Torfield and Saxon Mount Schools</u> <u>Crisis Management Teams</u>

SAXON MOUNT SCHOOL

Contact Details

Name Role			Contact Nun	nber
ivairie	Role	Home	Mobile	Work
Richard Preece	Executive Head	01323	07860	01424
	Teacher	894544	410266	448690
Amanda Jagot	Head of School	01424	07860	01424
		774214	410267	448697
Site Manager -	Site Manager	07719	07860	01424
Antonio Fenu	_	136772	410270	426303
				Ex 224
Caroline Higgins	Assistant Head	01323	07860	01424
		729585	410269	448695
Ade Olorunda	Assistant Head	01424		01424
		222693		448694
Marion Booth	Director of	01323	07881	01424
	resources	487757	289860	448692
Emergency	Saxon Mount	01424		
telephone line	back office or	448699		
	CEO office			
		01424		
		448690		

Reserve Team Members

Kayla Quinnell	ADFR	01424 755277	07816 238181	01424 426303 Ext 227
Carol Dobson	Head teachers PA	01424 734214	07799 223867	01424 448699
Barbara Golby	School secretary		07584 207987	01424 426303 Ext 221

Joe Leigh	Caretaker	07595 496803	07593 137130	01424 426303 Ext 224
David Bryant	Caretaker	07453	07858	01424
		041527	518257	426303
Alan Baldwin	Caretaker	N/A	07881	01424
			289861	426303

TORFIELD SCHOOL

Contact Details

Name	Role	Co	Contact Numbe	r
Name	Kole	Home	Mobile	Work
Richard Preece	Executive	01323	07860	01424
	Head	894544	410266	448690
	Teacher			
John Anderson	Head of	07800	07741	01424
	School	581931	241337	428228
Jayne West	Assistant	01323	07702	01424
	Headteacher	641815	868304	428228
Alison Love	Assistant	01424	07709	01424
	Head	442154	468613	428228
				Ext. 171
Site Manager	Site	07719	07860	01424
Antonio Fenu	Manager	136772	410270	426303
				Ex 224
Marion Booth	Director of	01323	07881	01424
	Resources	487757	289860	448692
Emergency Telephone	Executive	01424		
Line	Heads Office	729281		

Reserve Team Members

Kayla Quinnell	ADFR	01424	07816	01424
-		755277	238181	426303
Kayleigh Dicker	School	N/A	0781630700	01424
	Secretary		2	428228
	·			

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Joe Leigh	Caretaker	07595 496803	07593 137130	01424 426303 Ext 224
David Bryant	Caretaker	07453	07858	01424
,		041527	518257	426303
Alan Baldwin	Caretaker	N/A	07881	01424
			289861	426303

Appendix B

Emergency Contact Numbers for ESCC and Other Agencies

During office hours staff should contact the **Personal Assistant to the Director of Children's Services on 01273 481316.**

Out of hours, contact the Out of Hours Service: 01273 819179.

These numbers should only be used in the event of a major emergency. Examples could include a serious accident or incident on school premises, or during an off-site activity, or major damage to a school building.

In the case of minor incidents affecting buildings (e.g. a burst pipe that has flooded a room) the first contact should normally be with the appropriate contractor, for schools that have opted into the term contracts established by CRD Property. In case of doubt, contact the Corporate Resources Department Property Help Desk on **01273 482000**.

An alternative out of hours contact, which should only be used if it is not possible to make contact with the above-mentioned numbers, is the **Emergency Planning Duty Officer on 01323 644422.**

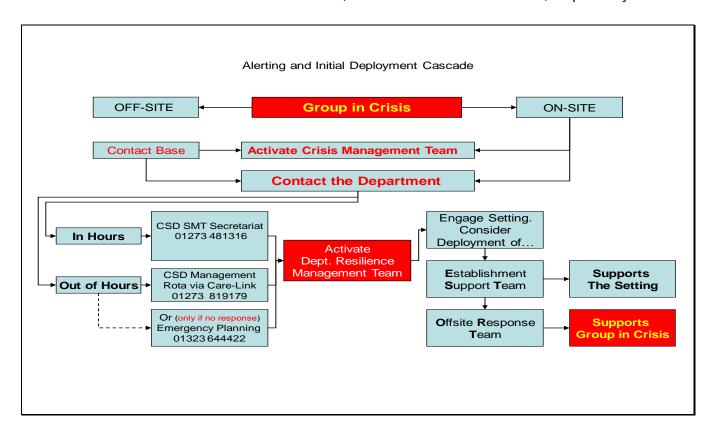
Organisation	Phone Number
ESCC Children's Services Department	01273 481316 Out of Hours
	01273 819179
ESCC Business Services Department Property Help Desk	01273 482000
ESCC Emergency_Planning Team Duty Officer (if CSD cannot be contacted), via East Sussex Fire and Rescue Service switchboard	01444 411828
ESCC Health and Safety Team	01273 336306 / 481143
South East Coast Ambulance, General Enquiries	0300 1230 999
East Sussex Fire and Rescue Service, Enquiries	01444 411828

EDF Power Care	0800 783 8866
Transco	0800 111 999
Southern Water – Tech Dept (Emergency response)	0845 278 0845
Environment Agency Floodline	0845 988 1188

Appendix C

Off-Site Activity Alerting Flow Chart

Appendices D and E detail the actions for consideration following a major incident focussed on property for the periods in the first 24 hours, and from 24 hours to 2 weeks, respectively.



On-Site Emergency Involving Damage to Premises

Immediate Checklist

ACTIVITY	WHO BY?	COMPLETED
EVACUATION		✓
Evacuation of premises (use of Fire Alarm may not be		
appropriate depending on type of incident)		
Roll call		
la avenuene cofo?		
Is everyone safe?		
Call Emergency Services		
Liaise with Emergency Services incident officer at scene		
Obtain a copy of parent's and staff contact lists		
DETAILS OF CASUALTIES		
Obtain information on: Names		
Obtain information on: Injuries		
Obtain information on: Current location of casualties		
Obtain information on: Current location of relevant others		
Who is accompanying injured person(s) to hospital?		
Provide separate areas for:		
1) Next of kin		
2) Students		

3) Staff		
Provision of immediate transport as appropriate		
CONTROL OF INCIDENT		
Activate callout for Crisis Management Team		
Decide if school can be used as incident suite and initiate set-up.		
Brief Crisis Management Team and allocate tasks		
Inform ESCC Children's Services or Department Emergency Manager (DEM)		
INCIDENT WHILE ESTABLISHMENT IS OPEN		
Decide whether to keep students in school		
Continued		
	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Decide whether to send all or some students home	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Decide whether to send all or some students home Arrange transport	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Arrange transport Notify parents Ensure staff, governors and parents receive the facts as	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Arrange transport Notify parents	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Arrange transport Notify parents Ensure staff, governors and parents receive the facts as soon as possible	WHO BY?	COMPLETE
Arrange transport Notify parents Ensure staff, governors and parents receive the facts as soon as possible INCIDENT WHILE ESTABLISHMENT IS CLOSED	WHO BY?	COMPLETE

Appendix E

On-Site Emergency Involving Damage to Premises

Checklist for Longer Term and Ongoing Actions

STAFF	✓
Hold a staff briefing session as soon as possible and at regular intervals	
Confirm arrangements with ESCC regarding release of information to press	
Nominate staff to meet children and young people returning to the setting	
Provide written information on the incident and how it will affect the setting	
Alteration to duty rotas	
Review course timetabling	
Issue new fire/evacuation notices and procedures if route has been affected	
Hold a fire/evacuation drill as soon as possible so that staff, children and young people know the new exit routes and assembly points. It may be appropriate to talk children and young people through the process, and the fact that it is a practice on this occasion	
Alter/adapt programmes as necessary	
Consider any imminent examination issues	
PREMISES	
Contact the Trusts insurance provider – The RPA claims helpdesk 0330 058 5566 and select option 1 for a 24-Hour Travel Emergency, or select option 2	

for Property related emergencies (such as Fire, Flood or Storm Damage)	
Obtain plans of the building. Mark on areas affected	
Check for obstacles to children and young people's movements	
Check/re-allocate toilet facilities if necessary	
Identify new routes	
Review/identify new entrances/exits	
Review fire safety arrangements and escape requirements with Fire Service	
Establish areas with restricted access to contractors and vehicles	
Re-allocate space, e.g. parking, children and young people's areas, etc	

Continued

Continued	
Review site security	
Review Health and Safety arrangements	
CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE	
Assembly - pass on information to children and young people	
Issue new timetables	
Issue maps showing restricted areas, etc	
Issue an information sheet to children, young people and parents	
PARENTS	
Hold parent's/staff/volunteer's meeting	
GENERAL	
Change the answer phone message to update parents on issues such as	
attendance arrangements, children and young people attendance etc	
Provide notices around the perimeter of the premises regarding progress.	
Provide information regarding progress on the intranet and website of the setting and also on the ESCC website	
CONTRACTORS	
Hold regular meetings with contractors	
Establish Health and Safety requirements	
Establish access requirements for contractor's vehicles	
Establish areas that are off-limits to staff, children and young people	
Adapt doors to fire exit/exit doors as necessary	

Inspect/repair the fire alarm/fire detection/security systems	
Install any temporary facilities that are required	
Agree working practices and times when noise must be kept to a minimum with contractors	
Provide the contractors with a copy of the examination timetable if appropriate	

Continued	
RE-ORDERING OF DAMAGED EQUIPMENT/STOCK	
Instigate a procedure for identifying the resources to be replaced.	
Agree procedures with the loss adjusters (if involved).	
Set up an ordering and payment procedure.	
FORTHCOMING EVENTS	
Consider whether or not these can be moved or rescheduled.	
OUT OF HOURS USERS	
Contact the organiser and reschedule or cancel, as appropriate.	
REVIEW	
Review all the above issues on a continuous basis.	
ANNIVERSARIES	
Anniversaries of tragedies can be a difficult time for both adults and young people.	
Careful consideration should be given to the most appropriate way to mark the	
occasion and who should be invited to any memorial service or similar event.	

Appendix F

Interim Press Statement - Off-site Activity

While on a visit to	
a child/children [and	staff/volunteers]
of	setting,
Town,	East Sussex, was/were involved in an incident
at	

which resulted in him/her/them being conveyed to hospital.

The Police/Health and Safety Executive are/will be investigating the incident.

The settings Crisis Management Plan has been activated and all further press statements will be made through the Crisis Management Team at the setting.

Note to Group Leader

This interim press statement has been agreed with the manager of the setting and should <u>not</u> be changed in any way. Where possible the Police and the Health and Safety Executive should be consulted before issuing a statement.

Appendix G

Emergency Incident Suite – Checklist

ACTIVITY	CONSIDERATIONS	√
INITIAL		
Appoint senior member of staff to run the Emergency Incident Suite	Appoint governor to assist. Provide name badges	
SECURITY OF THE SITE		
Ensure all gates are closed and, where possible, position member of staff/governor at each one	Consider asking the Police for help if media become a problem	
SECURITY OF THE BUILDING		
Secure all entrances	Maintain fire exits	
Place signs directing persons to the main entrance		
Set up logging-in procedure at main entrance		
Consider whether additional entrance required	Nominate member of staff/governor to attend and set up logging-in procedure	
COMMUNICATIONS		
Install answer phone onto main phone line and record initial outgoing information		
Secure telephone in staff room so that it cannot be used		
Disconnect fax and install telephone for outgoing calls	Ensure those who need to know are informed to use fax line number	
Assess numbers of mobile phones available, and ensure they are fully charged Ensure all caller IDs are off	Provide telephone list for office and all members of staff and governors	
Test all communications		
Provide message form for all persons likely to take phone or verbal messages	All messages to go to the Incident Suite to be logged and passed to Office Manager for processing. (See example message form Appendix J).	
FAMILY and FRIEND'S RECEPTION CENTRE		
Appoint senior member of staff or governor to be responsible for Family and Friends Reception Area	Ensure there is enough help so that parents are not left on their own	
Lay out area with tables and chairs in informal groups	Ensure the regular provision of updated information	
Ensure provision of light refreshments as required		

Continued	
Provide signs for toilets, etc.	
Consider closing window blinds to stop media intrusion	
MEDIA INTERVIEWS	
Nominate room to be used for media interviews off the premises	Needs to be nearby
Use room internal to main building only as last resort	Ensure separation/security of room from the remainder of the staff and young people
Nominate member of staff to clear rooms of all children or young people's information/photos	This is important
Determine the route the media will be taking from the gate to the briefing room	If the Police are in attendance discuss with them and representative from County Council Communications Team
WELFARE	
Consider longer term implications	Consider appointing a Logistics Co- ordinator
Ensure provision of food and drink as necessary	
Prepare rota system for all helpers	
GENERAL	
Ensure Director of Children's Services is aware of all matters	
Confirm communications between Emergency Incident Suite and County Emergency Centre	
(if the CEC has been set up)	
COUNSELLING ROOMS	
Nominate one or two rooms for individual counselling	
Provide signs for doors	"Vacant" and "No Entry - Counselling in session"

EMERGENCY INCIDENT SUITE

Attendance Record

Note: Please complete in block capitals

DATE	NAME	ORGANISATION	VISITING	TIME IN OU	
				IN	OUT
				1	

Appendix I

Log Sheet

Date	Time	Information / Decisions / Actions	Initials
		Include actions taken, considered or rejected with brief reasons. Also log any refusal of other organisations or Contractors to carry out actions with an explanation as to why. Log the passing of requests for decisions or assistance and the replies.	

Appendix J

EMERGENCY INCIDENT SUITE

Message Record

Date:Time:
Call received by: Phone/Verbal/Other*. Call type: Incident/Personal/Other*
Name of person calling:
Phone number of caller:
Message:
Person taking call:
Passed to Incident suite manager at (time):
Action required:
·
By whom:
Date Completed:Time:
By (Print name):
Action taken/Notes:
* Delete as appropriate

BUSINESS CONTINUITY MANAGEMENT

CHECKLIST

Completed on	Identify a Business Continuity Coordinator or team who will achieve the following:
	Consider what internal and external factors could impact on your settings ability to provide suitable education or other services.
	Identify the critical activities of your service and plan how you would maintain them during an emergency.
	Identify staff who maintain and provide critical services.
	Identify staff who have key skills.
	Consider how non-critical staff could be used to support critical activities in an emergency including any additional training requirements (consultation with staff & representative bodies may be required).
	Identify critical utilities or services provided by sub-contractors and consider how you could provide alternatives at short notice. (meals, transport etc)
	Produce a communications plan including contact methods with staff, children, young people, parents, ESCC, media, emergency services, utilities, contractors, neighbouring premises or relevant occupiers (some numbers are provided at Appendix B).
	Consider the options for reduced teaching and learning activities or services during an emergency and the acceptable time periods.
	Identify precautions to reduce the spread of infection during an illness outbreak and plan how to invoke them.
	Consider how to prevent the loss of children's and young people's coursework due to an emergency.
	Consider how to guard against the loss of critical teaching and learning materials due to an emergency.
	Consider how to guard against the loss of critical computer files/records by the provision of adequate back-up systems.
	Consider how you would deal with the Psychological impact on children, young people and staff following an emergency.
	Consider how you would minimise disruption caused by a transfer to temporary accommodation.
	Consider the effect of loss of income from being unable to rent out facilities due to an emergency

Appendix L

Task Allocation Template

	Overall Management of the Incident	Setting up the Incident Suite	Administrative Support including Telephone Operations	Staff & Child or young person Welfare	Provision of Information to Staff & Parents	Dealing with Bereaved Parents/ Families	Managing the Media	Catering	Other Issues Transport/ Evacuation
Who should take the lead?									
Notes on actions that could be taken.									
Where would you locate your activities?									
What resources you require, and where would you obtain them?									

Appendix M

Bomb threat check list

Actions to be taken on receipt of a bomb threat by telephone

- 1. Remain calm and talk to the caller
- 2. Note the caller's number if displayed on your phone
- 3. If you are able, record the call
- 4. Write down the exact wording of the threat:

When Where What How Why Who Time

Ask these questions and record answers as accurately as possible

1.	Where exactly is the bomb right now?
2.	When is it going to explode?
3.	What does it look like?
4.	What does the bomb contain?
5.	How will it be detonated?
6.	Did you place the device? If not, who did?
7.	What is your name?
8.	What is your address?

- 9. What is your telephone number?
- 10. Do you represent a group or is this just you?
- 11. Why have you placed this bomb?
- 12. Record the time call completed?

Who to inform

Name	Telephone number
Richard Preece	07860 410266
Amanda Jagot, Head of Saxon Mount School	07860 410269
John Anderson, Head of School, Torfield School	07741 241337
Marion Booth, Director of Finance, Resources and Strategy	07881 289860
Antonio Fenu, Site Manager	07860 410270
Kayla Quinell, Assistant Director of Finance and Resources	07816 755277

Dial 999 and inform the police Time informed:.....AM/PM This part should be completed as soon as the caller has hung up and police have been informed, followed by the Executive Teacher or senior manager as designated. Date and time of call: Duration of call: The telephone number that received the call: About the caller: Male Nationality? Female Age? Threat language - Circle all that apply: Well-spoken Irrational Recorded Abusive Incoherent Other? Caller's voice – circle all that apply: Calm Crying Clearing throat Angry Nasal Slurred Excited Stutter Disguised Slow Lisp Rapid Deep Familiar Laughter Hoarse Accent (specify) Other (specify)..... **Background sounds – circle all that apply:** Street noises House noises Animal noises Crockery Motor Clear Voice Static PA system Music Factory machinery Office Eq. Other (specify).....

Any other remarks:

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Additional Notes:	<u>]</u>
Signature Print Name Date	

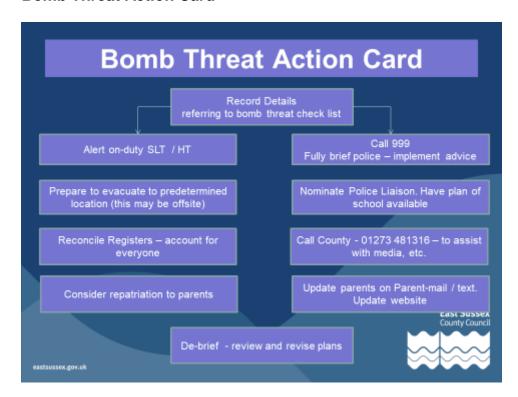
Created June 2006 Revised January 2021 Emergency Planning Team emergency.planning@eastsussex.gov.uk 01323 747090

Actions to be taken on receipt of a bomb threat sent via e-mail or social media

1.	Do not reply to, forward or delete the message
2.	If sent via e-mail note address
3.	If sent via social media what application has been used and what is the user name/ID?
4.	Inform as above
	Dial 999 and follow police guidance Preserve all web logs for the organisation to assist the police investigation (as a guide 7 days prior to and 48 hours after). This is done by IT premier support.
Sig	gnature Print Name Date
lf o	completing this electronically save and print. Hand copy to the Executive Headteacher and police.
If c	completing manual version, photocopy and hand to the Executive Headteacher and police.

Appendix N

Bomb Threat Action Card



Appendix O

Aggressive Intruders on Premises Guidance

Incidents involving serious injury or death in educational establishments resulting from acts of aggression in the UK are rare. The shooting at Dunblane Primary School, Scotland and the machete attack at St Luke's School, Wolverhampton, both in 1996, were extreme events that informed changes to gun control legislation and criminalized Trespass on Educational Premises under s.547 of the Education Act 1996. Whilst establishment security, particularly in primary and secondary settings has improved dramatically since then, using technology and management procedures to minimise the risk of incidents of a similar type, the context of the ongoing security risk to educational establishments is such that proactive measures need to be in place to deal with a dynamic incident.

This guidance is designed to give establishment managers options for dealing with aggressive Trespassers on premises, or incidents that emerge from within an establishment that present a significant risk to the health, safety and welfare of students, visitors and staff.

This guidance works both as a standalone document - the action card should be available and referred to in a crisis – and in support of any other key documents relating to Schools Security in respect of premises security and legal powers, and establishment policy for the management of bullying and pupil and staff safety. Any school's manager, member of staff and governor having a responsibility for security should be aware of the following document, as well as this guidance, in order that necessary steps can be taken to secure the establishment and manage an incident as safely as possible within the law.

1. **School Security - Dealing with Troublemakers** (Home Office and DfEE,1999, revised 2013)

As part of the planning and preparation for a dynamic event, powers available to Head Teachers and nominated persons to evict trespassers using reasonable force under s.547 of the Education Act 1996 must be understood.

Current Police Guidance for a weapons incident "Run, Hide, Tell" can be seen at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/stay-safe-film

1) Alerting

i) **Key Staff:** Consider options for alerting senior managers and key staff of an incident. This might be through an internal personal radio network, a coded tannoy announcement, an audible alarm that is not the fire alarm, physically going to get someone.

At Saxon Mount this will be by an internal tannoy message via the telephone system. The message will be Code Red.

At Torfield School, Croft Road, this will be by ringing 3 short bell rings. Manual bell rings are generated by pushing the blue 'panic' buttons located on the wall to the left-hand side of the reception desk and just inside the door, to the right-hand side in the finance office.

At Torfield School EYC this will be by ringing 3 short rings of the bell, bell activated by pressing the blue button located on the wall to the side of the SLT office door both inside and outside of the office. e at the time or word of mouth by the safest route possible.

This will alert all staff to remain in classrooms, lock classroom doors and cover glass vision panels as far as possible, pull down window blinds and alert senior managers to be aware of the procedure in progress.

For staff and pupils doing outside activities the Code Red radio message will be given and staff will await further information from senior leaders as to where to go to lockdown.

At the EYC The Baird Academy will be notified of the activation in progress by contacting the Head of School – Carly Welch on 07970 095654. If this is not answered then contact the school office on 01424 425670.

ii) **The Police:** As soon as possible the police must be called with as much information as possible in order that specialist units can be deployed if necessary. The police can also notify other responders, such as the ambulance service, ensuring a safe, coordinated response.

2) Incident Command and Control:

i) Emergency Control Centre: The senior member of staff should nominate the pre-determined Emergency Control Centre (or back up site) and assemble the Crisis Management Team as far as possible. If possible, maintain access to security systems such as CCTV Monitoring Centre and Radio Communications Centre. Ensure CCTV is being recorded.

3) Immediate Actions:

- i) Identify as far a possible Location / Direction of Trespasser
- ii) Consider: Lockdown the whole school, classrooms, sections of the schools by wing or floor. If the threat is known to be external lock all windows and doors, pull down blinds and monitor. Alert police if intruders are in the grounds or attempt to get in.
- iii) Consider: Evacuation (internal or external) to pre-identified places of safety.
- iv) Consider: Methods for maintaining communication with staff.
- v) Maintain an open line to the police. In a dynamic scenario a running commentary is helpful.
- vi) Policy Line to stay hidden and do not confront the Trespasser.
- vii) Start an Incident Log.

4) Other Actions:

- i) Produce schematics of the establishment buildings and grounds.
- ii) Produce a roll of pupils, staff and visitors. Identify anyone missing and inform the authorities.
- iii) Prepare to brief the Police nominate a safe route into the building if one is available. If not, brief via telephone (see bullet 3).
- iv) Contact Children's Services Department (01273 481316).
- v) Maintain the Incident Log, noting decisions and actions and any information relating to casualties and missing persons. Record instructions from the Police and actions taken.

5) Briefing the Police

i) Prepare as much information as possible relating to:

a) The number of Trespassers involved in the incident

- ii) Physical descriptions of:
 - a) Height.
 - b) Build.
 - c) Estimated Age.
 - d) Hair colour and style, including facial hair.
 - e) Eye colour
 - f) Distinguishing features, such as tattoos, scars, piercings and jewellery
 - g) Dress, including footwear.
 - h) Accent and speech such as slurring or stammer.

6) Verbals:

- i) Anything that was said stated purpose, threats, demands that may give a clue as to why this is happening. This may include timings 'If my demands are not met by midday, I will blow up the school.'
- ii) Anything to imply that the Trespasser has contact with accomplices inside or outside the premises.

7) Weapons / Improvised Explosive Devices - seen or implied:

- i) Has a firearm or other device been discharged or any kind of explosion taken place?
- ii) Size, colours, shapes of firearms, or other weapons seen

- iii) Colours and make up of wiring and anything that could be an explosive device or control panel. This could be strapped to the person's body.
- iv) Description of anything verbalised 'I've got a gun in my pocket'.
- v) Anything seen, heard, smelt or the effects of anything that might indicate the presence of a noxious gas or substance.

8) Location and Status:

- i) The location of the incident(s) and the last known and current estimated location of the Trespasser.
- ii) The location of the Incident Control Centre. Is there a safer route into the Control Room for the Police?
- iii) The status of the establishment in terms of areas Locked Down, or where Internal or External Evacuations have taken place.
- iv) Numbers on Roll (pupils and staff) + Visitors.
- v) Status of known or suspected casualties.
- vi) Known or suspected Missing Person pupils, staff, visitors.
- vii) Known or suspected hostages

9) Ongoing Communications

- i) The 999 system may have been used to give initial information. Have a landline and mobile number available and a nominated person for the police to call during the course of the incident.
- ii) Remember to maintain the Incident Log.

10) Media and Communications Management

i) **Media:** Liaise solely with the Children's Services Department (CSD), who will advise on management of media issues with the Police in the dynamic phase of the incident. Head Teacher and Chair of Governors involvement in post incident press conferences / media interviews is important and will be agreed at the time.

ii) **Communications Management:** Liaise with CSD in terms of messages that can be sent to Parents and Staff via Group Text or Parent Mail via the establishment website. Timely and accurate messages, particularly during the dynamic phase, will help control misinformation.

11) Resolution and Recovery

- i) Once the threat has been dealt with, establishment leadership can reconcile the roll to ensure that everyone is accounted for and that repatriation to families can take place.
- ii) It is vital that the whereabouts of injured persons is known in order that families can be directed to where they are.
- iii) The police lead on delivering bereavement messages on behalf of the coroner. The police may also assign Family Liaison Officers to be eaved families. CSD will assist with be reavement counselling and follow up emotional support to the establishment body, which can be expected to last a number of years.
- iv) The establishment is a crime scene and will be under the control of the police until necessary investigations have been carried out. There may also be damage to repair. CSD will support schools leadership in finding alternative locations for the delivery of the curriculum until the establishment can be handed back.
- v) It is vital that any records, including Incident Logs, CCTV footage etc., in retained. The incident will be investigated by the police and also the coroner if there is a death and anything recorded, alongside witness statements is disclosable as evidence.
- vi) Anniversaries and other key milestones should be managed in collaboration with governors, parents and the student body.

Lock down Procedure – Intruder Alert

The action plan will be followed in the event of an incident.

All staff must be aware that management of information regarding any incidents is only to be issued from formal sources. Individual use of mobile phones or social media to communicate any information regarding an incident whilst in progress and outside of formal SLT, Police and LA announcements is a disciplinary matter.

ACTION	Responsible person – 1 Decision/immediate action	Responsible person -2 Action
Person receiving information alerts SLT member/s or office	Non-designated – person with first contact/sight of threat	SLT to consider lock down implementation
Alert all staff via designated alert mechanism to remain in classrooms/current location, lock doors and pull-down blinds, cover door windows where possible. Lockdown activation bells are: Torfield Croft Road 3 short rings Torfield EYC continuous intermittent ring of fire bell	Decision SLT Activation from office (Saxon Mount) Office or DFR office at Torfield.	Office/DFR/ADFR

which does not cease until the point reset Saxon Mount tannoy Code Red message. Both schools Radio: Code Red message.		
Office staff will vacate the office, locking the office door from the outside and taking the emergency communication/fire safety folder to pass to SLT. At EYC anyone in the SLT office will lockdown in there if applicable and if the safest option for the staff member. Reception and front office staff will relocate to the finance offices or other available room and lock down as for classrooms. The activation point will be reset when safe to do so.	Office staff	SLT
Establish facts including location, behaviour exhibited, weapon etc	Executive Head/Head of School/SLT/DFR	Site Manager/ADFR
Determine route for staff/pupils outside of classes to reach place of	SLT contingency planning known to all staff	

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security or pre-determined location i.e. lockable MUGA's Activity area. Consider for each event, based on available knowledge of intruder, what is the safest action to take and communication method – radio's may be the only available option so discretion in volume and information given required.		
Instigate lockdown of exits around the building by site staff/ DFR if deemed safe to do so. May include physical locking of doors as well as mag locked security	Executive Head/Head of School	Site staff DFR
Close gates and reception to new entrants	Executive Head/Head of School	Reception
On hearing the designated alert, Staff in classrooms must lock doors, close windows, pull down blinds and cover door vision panels as applicable and await instructions	All staff	All staff
All staff take a register of	All staff	Designated telephone

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pupils and staff and notify the designated person by telephone to designated number, of any additional or expected but missing pupils. The designated number to call is the Executive Heads office at each school: Torfield EXT 121 Saxon Mount EXT 250		number.
Emergency contact folder from the office to be used to clarify queries and locations of people on or offsite Folder to be passed to responsible person	Office staff SLT	SLT – members of crisis management group located in Executive Heads office
Try to ascertain location of any missing staff or pupils from expected places and notify SLT via the designated telephone number	All staff	SLT - members of crisis management group located in Executive Heads office
Designated person to contact police providing as much information as possible	Executive Head/Head of School/DFR or a suitably experienced member of staff as designated by the HoS / CEO / DFR at the time	Exec Head/Head of School/Senior Leader to maintain liaison with police contact.

Ensure crisis management policy is available for internal and external use i.e. LA, Police	DFR/Executive Headteacher	ADFR/Site manager
Maintain and manage communications with staff phone or radio if applicable and available	SLT	